110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3651

To provide for the settlement of certain claims under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

(FOR HERSELF, MR. STEVENS, MR. AKAKA AND MR. INOVYE)
Ms. MURKOWSKI introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ENERGY & NATURAL RESOURCES.

A BILL

To provide for the settlement of certain claims under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Southeast Alaska Na-
- 5 tive Land Entitlement Finalization Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 8 (1)(A) in 1971, Congress enacted the Alaska
- 9 Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et
- seq.) to recognize and settle the aboriginal claims of

1	Alaska Natives to land historically used by Alaska
2	Natives for traditional, cultural, and spiritual pur-
3	poses; and
4	(B) that Act declared that the land settlement
5	"should be accomplished rapidly, with certainty, in
6	conformity with the real economic and social needs
7	of Natives";
8	(2) the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
9	(43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)—
10	(A) authorized the distribution of approxi-
11	mately $$1,000,000,000$ and $44,000,000$ acres of
12	land to Alaska Natives; and
13	(B) provided for the establishment of Na-
14	tive Corporations to receive and manage the
15	funds and that land to meet the cultural, social,
16	and economic needs of Native shareholders;
17	(3) under section 12 of the Alaska Native
18	Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1611), each Re-
19	gional Corporation, other than Sealaska Corporation
20	(the Regional Corporation for southeast Alaska) (re-
21	ferred to in this Act as "Sealaska"), was authorized
22	to receive a share of land based on the proportion
23	that the number of Alaska Native shareholders re-
24	siding in the region of the Regional Corporation bore
25	to the total number of Alaska Native shareholders

1 or the relative size of the area to which the Regional 2 Corporation had an aboriginal land claim bore to the 3 size of the area to which all Regional Corporations 4 had aboriginal land claims; 5 (4)(A) Sealaska, the Regional Corporation for 6 Southeast Alaska, 1 of the Regional Corporations with the largest number of Alaska Native share-7 8 holders, with more than 21 percent of all original 9 Alaska Native shareholders, did not receive land 10 under section 12 of the Alaska Native Claims Settle-11 ment Act (43 U.S.C. 1611); 12 (B) the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of 13 Alaska was 1 of the entities representing the Alaska 14 Natives of southeast Alaska before the date of enactment of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act 15 16 (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.); and (C) Sealaska did not receive land in proportion 17 18 to the number of Alaska Native shareholders, or in proportion to the size of the area to which Sealaska 19 had an aboriginal land claim, in part because of a 20 21 United States Court of Claims cash settlement to the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska in 22 23 1968 for land previously taken to create the Tongass 24 National Forest and Glacier Bay National Monu-25 ment;

1	(5) the Court of Claims cash settlement of
2	\$7,500,000 did not—
3	(A) adequately compensate the Alaska Na-
4	tives of southeast Alaska for the significant
5	quantity of land and resources lost as a result
6	of the creation of the Tongass National Forest
7	and Glacier Bay National Monument or other
8	losses of land and resources; or
9	(B) justify the significant disparate treat-
10	ment of Sealaska under the Alaska Native
11	Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1611);
12	(6)(A) while each other Regional Corporation
13	received a significant quantity of land under sections
14	12 and 14 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
15	Act (43 U.S.C. 1611, 1613), Sealaska only received
16	land under section 14(h) of that Act (43 U.S.C.
17	1613(h)), which provided a 2,000,000-acre land pool
18	from which Alaska Native selections could be made
19	for historic sites, cemetery sites, Urban Corporation
20	land, Native group land, and Native Allotments;
21	(B) under section 14(h)(8) of that Act (43
22	U.S.C. 1613(h)(8)), after selections are made under
23	paragraphs (1) through (7) of that section, the land
24	remaining in the 2,000,000-acre land pool is allo-
25	cated based on the proportion that the original Alas-

1	ka Native shareholder population of a Regional Cor-
2	poration bore to the original Alaska Native share-
3	holder population of all Regional Corporations; and
4	(C) the only land entitlement of Sealaska de-
5	rives from a proportion of leftover land remaining
6	from the 2,000,000-acre land pool, estimated as of
7	the date of enactment of this Act at approximately
8	1,700,000 acres;
9	(7) despite the small land base of Sealaska as
10	compared to other Regional Corporations (less than
11	1 percent of the total quantity of land allocated pur-
12	suant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
13	(43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)), Sealaska has—
14	(A) provided considerable benefits to
15	shareholders; and
16	(B) been a significant economic force in
17	southeast Alaska;
18	(8) pursuant to the revenue sharing provisions
19	of section 7(i) of the Alaska Native Claims Settle-
20	ment Act (43 U.S.C. 1606(i)), Sealaska has distrib-
21	uted more than \$300,000,000 during the period be-
22	ginning on January 1, 1971, and ending on Decem-
23	ber 31, 2005, to Native Corporations throughout the
24	State of Alaska from the development of natural re-
25	sources, which accounts for 42 percent of the total

1	revenues shared under that section during that pe-
2	riod;
3	(9) as a result of the small land entitlement of
4	Sealaska, it is critical that the remaining land enti-
5	tlement conveyances to Sealaska under the Alaska
6	Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et
7	seq.) are fulfilled to continue to meet the economic,
8	social, and cultural needs of the Alaska Native
9	shareholders of southeast Alaska and the Alaska Na-
10	tive community throughout Alaska;
11	(10)(A) the conveyance requirements of the
12	Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
13	1601 et seq.) for southeast Alaska limit the land eli-
14	gible for conveyance to Sealaska to the original with-
15	drawal areas surrounding 10 Alaska Native villages
16	in southeast Alaska, which precludes Sealaska from
17	selecting land located—
18	(i) in any withdrawal area established for
19	the Urban Corporations for Sitka and Juneau,
20	Alaska; or
21	(ii) outside the 10 Alaska Native village
22	withdrawal areas; and
23	(B) unlike other Regional Corporations,
24	Sealaska was not authorized to request land located
25	outside the withdrawal areas described in subpara-

1	graph (A) if the withdrawal areas were insufficient
2	to complete the land entitlement of Sealaska under
3	the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
4	1601 et seq.);
5	(11) 44 percent (820,000 acres) of the 10 Alas-
6	ka Native village withdrawal areas established under
7	the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
8	1601 et seq.) described in paragraph (10) are com-
9	posed of salt water and not available for selection;
10	(12) of land subject to the selection rights of
11	Sealaska, 110,000 acres are encumbered by guber-
12	natorial consent requirements under the Alaska Na-
13	tive Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.);
14	(13) the Forest Service and the Bureau of
15	Land Management grossly underestimated the land
16	entitlement of Sealaska under the Alaska Native
17	Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), re-
18	sulting in an insufficient area from which Sealaska
19	could select land suitable for traditional, cultural
20	and socioeconomic purposes to accomplish a settle-
21	ment "in conformity with the real economic and so-
22	cial needs of Natives", as required under that Act
23	(14) the 10 Alaska Native village withdrawa
24	areas in southeast Alaska surround the Alaska Na-
25	tive communities of Yakutat, Hoonah, Angoon

1	Kake, Kasaan, Klawock, Craig, Hydaburg, Klukwan,
2	and Saxman;
3	(15) in each withdrawal area, there exist factors
4	that limit the ability of Sealaska to select sufficient
5	land, and, in particular, economically viable land, to
6	fulfill the land entitlement of Sealaska, including
7	factors such as—
8	(A) with respect to the Yakutat withdrawal
9	area—
10	(i) 46 percent of the area is salt
11	water;
12	(ii) 10 sections (6,400 acres) around
13	the Situk Lake were restricted from selec-
14	tion, with no consideration provided for the
15	restriction; and
16	(iii)(I) 70,000 acres are subject to a
17	gubernatorial consent requirement before
18	selection; and
19	(II) Sealaska received no consider-
20	ation with respect to the consent restric-
21	tion;
22	(B) with respect to the Hoonah withdrawa
23	area, 51 percent of the area is salt water;
24	(C) with respect to the Angoon withdrawa
25	area—

1	(1) 120,000 acres of the area is sait
2	water;
3	(ii) Sealaska received no consideration
4	regarding the prohibition on selecting land
5	from the 80,000 acres located within the
6	Admiralty Island National Monument; and
7	(iii)(I) the Village Corporation for
8	Angoon was allowed to select land located
9	outside the withdrawal area on Prince of
0	Wales Island, subject to the condition that
1	the Village Corporation shall not select
12	land located on Admiralty Island; but
13	(II) no alternative land adjacent to
14	the out-of-withdrawal land of the Village
15	Corporation was made available for selec-
16	tion by Sealaska;
17	(D) with respect to the Kake withdrawal
18	area—
19	(i) 64 percent of the area is salt
20	water; and
21	(ii) extensive timber harvesting by the
22	Forest Service occurred in the area before
23	1971 that significantly reduced the value
24	of land available for selection by, and con-
25	veyance to, Sealaska;

1	(E) with respect to the Kasaan withdrawal
2	area—
3	(i) 54 percent of the area is salt
4	water; and
5	(ii) the Forest Service previously har-
6	vested in the area;
7	(F) with respect to the Klawock with-
8	drawal area—
9	(i) the area consists of only 5 town-
10	ships, as compared to the usual withdrawal
11	area of 9 townships, because of the prox-
12	imity of the Klawock withdrawal area to
13	the Village of Craig, which reduces the se-
14	lection area by 92,160 acres; and
15	(ii) the Klawock and Craig withdrawal
16	areas are 35 percent salt water;
17	(G) with respect to the Craig withdrawal
18	area, the withdrawal area consists of only 6
19	townships, as compared to the usual withdrawal
20	area of 9 townships, because of the proximity of
21	the Craig withdrawal area to the Village of
22	Klawock, which reduces the selection area by
23	69,120 acres;
24	(H) with respect to the Hydaburg with-
25	drawal area—

1	(i) 36 percent of the area is salt
2	water; and
3	(ii) Sealaska received no consideration
4	under the Haida Land Exchange Act of
5	1986 (Public Law No. 99–664; 100 Stat.
6	4303) for relinquishing selection rights to
7	land within the withdrawal area that the
8	Haida Corporation exchanged to the For-
9	est Service;
10	(I) with respect to the Klukwan withdrawal
11	area—
12	(i) 27 percent of the area is salt
13	water; and
14	(ii) the withdrawal area is only 70,000
15	acres, as compared to the usual withdrawal
16	area of 207,360 acres, which reduces the
17	selection area by 137,360 acres; and
18	(J) with respect to the Saxman withdrawal
19	area—
20	(i) 29 percent of the area is salt
21	water;
22	(ii) Sealaska received no consideration
23	for the 50,576 acres within the withdrawal
24	area adjacent to the first-class city of

1	Ketchikan that were excluded from selec-
2	tion;
3	(iii) Sealaska received no consider-
4	ation with respect to the 1977 amendment
5	to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
6	Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) requiring gu-
7	bernatorial consent for selection of 58,000
8	acres in that area; and
9	(iv) 23,888 acres are located within
10	the Annette Island Indian Reservation for
11	the Metlakatla Indian Tribe and are not
12	available for selection;
13	(16) the selection limitations and guidelines ap-
14	plicable to Sealaska under the Alaska Native Claims
15	Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)—
16	(A) are inequitable and inconsistent with
17	the purposes of that Act because there is insuf-
18	ficient land remaining in the withdrawal areas
19	to meet the traditional, cultural, and socio-
20	economic needs of the shareholders of Sealaska;
21	and
22	(B) make it difficult for Sealaska to se-
23	lect—
24	(i) places of sacred, cultural, tradi-
25	tional, and historical significance; and

1	(ii) Alaska Native futures sites located
2	outside the withdrawal areas of Sealaska;
3	(17)(A) the deadline for applications for selec-
4	tion of cemetery sites and historic places on land
5	outside withdrawal areas established under section
6	14 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
7	U.S.C. 1613) was July 1, 1976;
8	(B)(i) as of that date, the Bureau of Land
9	Management notified Sealaska that the total entitle-
10	ment of Sealaska would be approximately 200,000
11	acres; and
12	(ii) Sealaska made entitlement allocation deci-
13	sions for cultural sites and economic development
14	sites based on that original estimate;
15	(C) as a result of the Alaska Land Transfer Ac-
16	celeration Act (Public Law 108–452; 118 Stat.
17	3575) and subsequent related determinations and
18	actions of the Bureau of Land Management,
19	Sealaska will receive significantly more than
20	200,000 acres pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims
21	Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.);
22	(D) Sealaska would prefer to allocate more of
23	the entitlement of Sealaska to the acquisition of
24	places of sacred, cultural, traditional, and historical
25	significance; and

1	(E)(i) pursuant to section 11(a)(1) of the Alas-
2	ka Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
3	1610(a)(1)), Sealaska was not authorized to select
4	under section 14(h)(1) of that Act (43 U.S.C.
5	1613(h)(1)) any site within Glacier Bay National
6	Park, despite the abundance of cultural sites within
7	that Park; and
8	(ii) Sealaska seeks cooperative agreements to
9	ensure that sites within Glacier Bay National Park
10	are subject to cooperative management by Sealaska
11	Village and Urban Corporations, and federally recog-
12	nized tribes with ties to the cultural sites and his-
13	tory of the Park;
14	(18)(A) the cemetery sites and historic places
15	conveyed to Sealaska pursuant to section 14(h)(1) of
16	the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C
17	1613(h)(1)) are subject to a restrictive covenant not
18	required by law that does not allow any type of man-
19	agement or use that would in any way alter the his-
20	toric nature of a site, even for cultural education or
21	research purposes;
22	(B) historic sites managed by the Forest Serv-
23	ice are not subject to the limitations referred to in
24	subparagraph (A); and

1	(C) those limitations hinder the ability of
2	Sealaska to use the sites for cultural, educational, or
3	research purposes for Alaska Natives and others;
4	(19) unless Sealaska is allowed to select land
5	outside designated withdrawal areas in southeast
6	Alaska, Sealaska will not be able—
7	(A) to complete the land entitlement selec-
8	tions of Sealaska under the Alaska Native
9	Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et
10	seq.);
11	(B) to secure ownership of places of sa-
12	cred, cultural, traditional, and historical impor-
13	tance to the Alaska Natives of Southeast Alas-
14	ka;
15	(C) to maintain the existing resource devel-
16	opment and management operations of
17	Sealaska; or
18	(D) to provide continued economic oppor-
19	tunities for Alaska Natives in southeast Alaska
20	(20) in order to realize cultural preservation
21	goals while also diversifying economic opportunities
22	Sealaska should be authorized to select and receive
23	conveyance of—
24	(A) sacred, cultural, traditional, and his
25	toric sites and other places of traditional cul-

1	tural significance, including traditional and cus-
2	tomary trade and migration routes, to facilitate
3	the perpetuation and preservation of Alaska
4	Native culture and history; and
5	(B) Alaska Native future sites to facilitate
6	appropriate tourism and outdoor recreation en-
7	terprises;
8	(21) Sealaska has played, and is expected to
9	continue to play, a significant role in the health of
10	the Southeast Alaska economy;
11	(22)(A) the rate of unemployment in Southeast
12	Alaska exceeds the statewide rate of unemployment
13	on a non-seasonally adjusted basis; and
14	(B) in January 2008, the Alaska Department
15	of Labor and Workforce Development reported the
16	unemployment rate for the Prince of Wales-Outer
17	Ketchikan census area at 20 percent;
18	(23) many Southeast Alaska communities—
19	(A) are dependent on high-cost diesel fuel
20	for the generation of energy; and
21	(B) desire to diversify their energy supplies
22	with wood biomass alternative fuel and other
23	renewable and alternative fuel sources;
24	(24) if the resource development operations of
25	Sealaska cease on land appropriate for those oper-

1	ations, there will be a significant negative impact
2	on—
3	(A) southeast Alaska Native shareholders;
4	(B) the cultural preservation activities of
5	Sealaska;
6	(C) the economy of southeast Alaska; and
7	(D) the Alaska Native community that
8	benefits from the revenue-sharing requirements
9	under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
10	(43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.); and
11	(25) on completion of the conveyances of land
12	to Sealaska to fulfill the full land entitlement of
13	Sealaska under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
14	Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), the encumbrances on
15	327,000 acres of Federal land created by the with-
16	drawal of land for selection by Native Corporations
17	in southeast Alaska would be removed, which will fa-
18	cilitate thorough and complete planning and efficient
19	management relating to national forest land in
20	southeast Alaska by the Forest Service.
21	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to address
22	the inequitable treatment of Sealaska by allowing Sealaska
23	to select the remaining land entitlement of Sealaska under
24	section 14 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
25	U.S.C. 1613) from designated Federal land in southeast

- 1 Alaska located outside the 10 southeast Alaska Native vil-
- 2 lage withdrawal areas.
- 3 SEC. 3. SELECTIONS IN SOUTHEAST ALASKA.
- 4 (a) SELECTION BY SEALASKA.—
- 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
- 6 14(h)(8)(B) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
- 7 Act (43 U.S.C. 1613(h)(8)(B)), Sealaska is author-
- 8 ized to select and receive conveyance of the remain-
- 9 ing land entitlement of Sealaska under that Act (43
- 10 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) from Federal land located in
- 11 southeast Alaska from each category described in
- subsection (b).
- 13 (2) NATIONAL PARK SERVICE.—The National
- 14 Park Service is authorized to enter into a coopera-
- 15 tive management agreement described in subsection
- 16 (c)(2) for the purpose, in part, of recognizing and
- 17 perpetuating the values of the National Park Serv-
- 18 ice, including those values associated with the
- 19 Tlingit homeland and culture, wilderness, and eco-
- 20 logical preservation.
- 21 (b) Categories.—The categories referred to in sub-
- 22 section (a) are the following:
- 23 (1) Economic development land from the area
- of land identified on the map entitled "Sealaska

1	ANCSA Land Entitlement Rationalization Pool",
2	dated March 6, 2008, and labeled "Attachment A".
3	(2) Sites with sacred, cultural, traditional, or
4	historic significance, including traditional and cus-
5	tomary trade and migration routes, archeological
6	sites, cultural landscapes, and natural features hav-
7	ing cultural significance, subject to the condition
8	that—
9	(A) not more than 2,400 acres shall be se-
10	lected for this purpose, from land identified
11	on—
12	(i) the map entitled "Places of Sa-
13	cred, Cultural, Traditional and Historic
14	Significance", dated March 6, 2008, and
15	labeled "Attachment B"; and
16	(ii) the map entitled "Traditional and
17	Customary Trade and Migration Routes",
18	dated March 6, 2008, and labeled "Attach-
19	ment C", which includes an identification
20	of—
21	(I) a conveyance of land 25 feet
22	in width, together with 1-acre sites at
23	each terminus and at 8 locations
24	along the route, with the route, loca-
25	tion, and boundaries of the convey-

1	ance described on the map inset enti-
2	tled "Yakutat to Dry Bay Trade and
3	Migration Route", dated March 6,
4	2008, and labeled "Attachment C";
5	(II) a conveyance of land 25 feet
6	in width, together with 1-acre sites at
7	each terminus, with the route, loca-
8	tion, and boundaries of the convey-
9	ance described on the map inset enti-
10	tled "Bay of Pillars to Port Camden
11	Trade and Migration Route", dated
12	March 6, 2008, and labeled "Attach-
13	ment C"; and
14	(III) a conveyance of land 25 feet
15	in width, together with 1-acre sites at
16	each terminus, with the route, loca-
17	tion, and boundaries of the convey-
18	ance described on the map inset enti-
19	tled "Portage Bay to Duncan Canal
20	Trade and Migration Route," dated
21	March 6, 2008, and labeled "Attach-
22	ment C"; and
23	(B) an additional 1,200 acres may be used
24	by Sealaska to acquire places of sacred, cul-
25	tural, traditional, and historic significance, ar-

1	cheological sites, traditional, and customary
2	trade and migration routes, and other sites with
3	scientific value that advance the understanding
4	and protection of Alaska Native culture and
5	heritage that—
6	(i) as of the date of enactment of this
7	Act, are not fully identified or adequately
8	documented for cultural significance; and
9	(ii) are located outside of a unit of the
10	National Park Service.
11	(3) Alaska Native futures sites with traditional
12	and recreational use value, as identified on the map
13	entitled "Native Futures Sites", dated March 6,
14	2008, and labeled "Attachment D", subject to the
15	condition that not more than 5,000 acres shall be se-
16	lected for those purposes.
17	(c) SITES IN CONSERVATION SYSTEM UNITS.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—No site with sacred, cultural,
19	traditional, or historic significance that is identified
20	in the document labeled "Attachment B" and lo-
21	cated within a unit of the National Park System
22	shall be conveyed to Sealaska pursuant to this Act.
23	(2) Cooperative agreements.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
25	National Park Service shall offer to enter into

1	a cooperative management agreement with
2	Sealaska, other Village Corporations and Urban
3	Corporations, and federally recognized Indian
4	tribes with cultural and historical ties to Glacier
5	Bay National Park, in accordance with the re-
6	quirements of subparagraph (B).
7	(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A cooperative
8	agreement under this paragraph shall—
9	(i) recognize the contributions of the
10	Alaska Natives of Southeast Alaska to the
11	history, culture, and ecology of Glacier Bay
12	National Park and the surrounding area;
13	(ii) ensure that the resources within
14	the Park are protected and enhanced by
15	cooperative activities and partnerships
16	among federally recognized Indian tribes,
17	Village Corporations and Urban Corpora-
18	tions, Sealaska, and the National Park
19	Service;
20	(iii) provide opportunities for a richer
21	visitor experience at the Park through di-
22	rect interactions between visitors and Alas-
23	ka Natives, including guided tours, inter-
24	pretation, and the establishment of cul-
25	turally relevant visitor sites; and

1	(iv) provide appropriate opportunities
2	for ecologically sustainable visitor-related
3	education and cultural interpretation with-
4	in the Park—
5	(I) in a manner that is not in
6	derogation of the purposes and values
7	of the Park (including those values
8	associated with the Park as a Tlingit
9	homeland); and
0	(II) for wilderness and ecological
l 1	preservation.
12	(C) Report.—Not later than 2 years after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director
14	of the National Park Service shall submit to
15	Congress a report describing each activity for
16	cooperative management of each site described
17	in subparagraph (A) carried out under a coop-
18	erative agreement under this paragraph.
19	SEC. 4. CONVEYANCES TO SEALASKA.
20	(a) Timeline for Conveyance.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
22	the date of selection of land by Sealaska under para-
23	graphs (1) and (3) of section 3(b), the Secretary of
24	the Interior (referred to in this Act as the "Sec-

1 retary") shall complete the conveyance of the land to 2 Sealaska. 3 SIGNIFICANT SITES.—Not later than 2 4 years after the date of selection of land by Sealaska 5 under section 3(b)(2), the Secretary shall complete 6 the conveyance of the land to Sealaska. 7 (b) Expiration of Withdrawals.—On completion of the selection by Sealaska and the conveyances to Sealaska of land under subsection (a) in a manner that 10 is sufficient to fulfill the land entitlement of Sealaska 11 under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)— 13 (1) the original withdrawal areas set aside for 14 selection by Native Corporations in Southeast Alas-15 ka under that Act (as in effect on the day before the 16 date of enactment of this Act) shall be rescinded; 17 and 18 (2) land located within a withdrawal area that 19 is not conveyed to a southeast Alaska Regional Cor-20 poration or Village Corporation shall be returned to 21 the unencumbered management of the Forest Serv-22 ice as a part of the Tongass National Forest. (c) Limitation.—Sealaska shall not select or receive 23 under this Act any conveyance of land pursuant to paragraph (1) or (3) of section 3(b) located within—

1	(1) any conservation system unit;
2	(2) any federally designated wilderness area; or
3	(3) any land use designation I or II area.
4	(d) APPLICABLE EASEMENTS AND PUBLIC AC-
5	CESS.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The conveyance to Sealaska
7	of land pursuant to section 3(b)(1) that is located
8	outside a withdrawal area designated under section
9	16(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
10	(43 U.S.C. 1615(a)) shall be subject to—
11	(A) a reservation for easements for public
12	access on the public roads depicted on the docu-
13	ment labeled "Attachment E" and dated March
14	6, 2008;
15	(B) a reservation for easements along the
16	temporary roads designated by the Forest Serv-
17	ice as of the date of enactment of this Act for
18	the public access trails depicted on the docu-
19	ment labeled "Attachment E" and dated March
20	6, 2008;
21	(C) any valid preexisting right reserved
22	pursuant to section 14(g) or 17(b) of the Alas-
23	ka Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
24	1613(g), 1616(b)); and

1	(D)(i) the right of noncommercial public
2	access for subsistence uses, consistent with title
3	VIII of the Alaska National Interest Lands
4	Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 3111 et seq.), and
5	recreational access without liability to Sealaska
6	and
7	(ii) the right of Sealaska to regulate access
8	for public safety, cultural, or scientific pur-
9	poses, environmental protection, and uses in-
10	compatible with natural resource development
11	subject to the condition that Sealaska shall post
12	on any applicable property, in accordance with
13	State law, notices of any such condition.
14	(2) Effect.—No right of access provided to
15	any individual or entity (other than Sealaska) by
16	this subsection—
17	(A) creates any interest of such an indi-
18	vidual or entity in the land conveyed to
19	Sealaska in excess of that right of access; or
20	(B) provides standing in any review of, or
21	challenge to, any determination by Sealaska re-
22	garding the management or development of the
23	applicable land.

1	(e) Conditions on Sacred, Cultural, and His-
2	TORIC SITES.—The conveyance to Sealaska of land se-
3	lected pursuant to section 3(b)(2)—
4	(1) shall be subject to a covenant prohibiting
5	any commercial timber harvest or mineral develop-
6	ment on the land;
7	(2) shall not be subject to any additional re-
8	strictive covenant based on cultural or historic val-
9	ues, or any other restriction, encumbrance, or ease-
0	ment, except as provided in sections 14(g) and 17(b)
1	of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
12	U.S.C. 1613(g), 1616(b)); and
13	(3) shall allow use of the land as described in
14	subsection (f).
15	(f) USES OF SACRED, CULTURAL, TRADITIONAL
16	AND HISTORIC SITES.—Any sacred, cultural, traditional
17	or historic site or trade or migration route conveyed pur-
8	suant to this Act may be used for—
9	(1) preservation of cultural knowledge and tra-
20	ditions associated with such a site;
21	(2) historical, cultural, and scientific research
22	and education;
23	(3) public interpretation and education regard-
24	ing the cultural significance of those sites to Alaska
25	Natives:

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1	(4) protection and management of the site to
2	preserve the natural and cultural features of the
3	site, including cultural traditions, values, songs, sto-
4	ries, names, crests, and clan usage, for the benefit
5	of future generations; and
6	(5) site improvement activities for any purpose
7	described in paragraphs (1) through (4), subject to
8	the condition that the activities are consistent with
9	the sacred, cultural, traditional, or historic nature of
10	the site.
11	(g) TERMINATION OF RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS.—
12	(1) In general.—Each restrictive covenant re-
13	garding cultural or historical values with respect to
14	any interim conveyance or patent for a historic or
15	cemetery site issued to Sealaska pursuant to the reg-
16	ulations contained in sections 2653.3 and 2653.11 of
17	title 43, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
18	the date of enactment of this Act), in accordance
19	with section 14(h)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims
20	Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1613(h))), terminates on
21	the date of enactment of this Act.
22	(2) Remaining conditions.—Land subject to
23	a covenant described in paragraph (1) on the day
24	before the date of enactment of this Act shall be

subject to the conditions described in subsection (e).

1	(3) Records.—Sealaska shall be responsible
2	for recording with the land title recorders office of
3	the State of Alaska any modification to an existing
4	conveyance of land under section 14(h)(1) of the
5	Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
6	1613(h)(1)) as a result of this Act.
7	(h) Conditions on Alaska Native Futures
8	LAND.—Each conveyance of land to Sealaska selected
9	under section 3(b)(3) shall be subject only to—
10	(1) a covenant prohibiting any commercial tim-
11	ber harvest or mineral development; and
12	(2) the restrictive covenants, encumbrances, or
13	easements under sections 14(g) and 17(b) of the
14	Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
15	1613(g), 1616(b)).
16	SEC. 5. MISCELLANEOUS.
17	(a) STATUS OF CONVEYED LAND.—Each conveyance
18	of Federal land to Sealaska pursuant to this Act, and each
19	action carried out to achieve the purpose of this Act, shall
20	be considered to be conveyed or acted on, as applicable,
21	pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
22	U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
23	(b) Environmental Mitigation and Incen-
24	TIVES.—Notwithstanding subsection (e) and (h) of section

25 4, all land conveyed to Sealaska pursuant to the Alaska

- 1 Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)
- 2 and this Act shall be considered to be qualified to receive
- 3 or participate in, as applicable—
- 4 (1) any federally authorized carbon sequestra-
- 5 tion program, ecological services program, or envi-
- 6 ronmental mitigation credit; and
- 7 (2) any other federally authorized environ-8 mental incentive credit or program.
 - (c) NO MATERIAL EFFECT ON FOREST PLAN.—
- 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The implementation of this
 11 Act, including the conveyance of land to Sealaska,
- alone or in combination with any other factor, shall
- 13 not require an amendment of, or revision to, the
- 14 Tongass National Forest Land and Resources Man-
- 15 agement Plan before the first revision of that Plan
- scheduled to occur after the date of enactment of
- this Act.

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- 18 (2) BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENTS.—The Secretary
- of Agriculture shall implement any land ownership
- 20 boundary adjustment to the Tongass National For-
- 21 est Land and Resources Management Plan resulting
- from the implementation of this Act through a tech-
- 23 nical amendment to that Plan.
- 24 (d) No Effect on Existing Instruments,
- 25 Projects, or Activities.—

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- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act or the 2 implementation of this Act revokes, suspends, or 3 modifies any permit, contract, or other legal instru-4 ment for the occupancy or use of Tongass National Forest land, or any determination relating to a 5 6 project or activity that authorizes that occupancy or 7 use, that is in effect on the day before the date of 8 enactment of this Act. 9 (2) Treatment.—The conveyance of land to
 - (2) TREATMENT.—The conveyance of land to Sealaska pursuant to this Act shall be subject to the instruments and determinations described in paragraph (1) to the extent that those instruments and determinations authorize occupancy or use of the land so conveyed.
- 15 (e) Prohibition on Reductions in Staff and Closing and Consolidating Districts.—During the 17 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this 18 Act, the Secretary shall not, as a consequence of this 19 Act—
- 20 (1) reduce the staffing level at any ranger dis-21 trict of the Tongass National Forest, as compared to 22 the applicable staffing level in effect on September 23 26, 2008; or
- 24 (2) close or consolidate such a ranger district.

1	(f) Technical Correction.—— Section 2(a)(2) of
2	the Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004 (25 U.S.C.
3	3115a(a)(2)) is amended—
4	(1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting ", or is
5	conveyed to an Alaska Native Corporation pursuant
6	to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
7	U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)" before the semicolon; and
8	(2) in subparagraph (B)(i)—
9	(A) in subclause (I), by striking "or" at
10	the end; and
11	(B) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(III) is owned by an Alaska Na-
13	tive Corporation established pursuant
14	to the Alaska Native Claims Settle-
15	ment Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)
16	and is forest land or formerly had a
17	forest cover or vegetative cover that is
18	capable of restoration; or".
19	SEC. 6. MAPS.
20	(a) AVAILABILITY.—Each map referred to in this Act
21	shall be maintained on file in—
22	(1) the office of the Chief of the Forest Service
23	and
24	(2) the office of the Secretary.

- 1 (b) Corrections.—The Secretary or the Chief of
- 2 the Forest Service may make any necessary correction to
- 3 a clerical or typographical error in a map referred to in
- 4 this Act.
- 5 (c) Treatment.—No map referred to in this Act
- 6 shall be considered to be an attempt by the Federal Gov-
- 7 ernment to convey any State or private land.
- 8 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 9 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 10 as are necessary to carry out this Act and the amendments
- 11 made by this Act.